



ICDs – Specific Considerations in ACHD

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Living with the Risk of Sudden Death

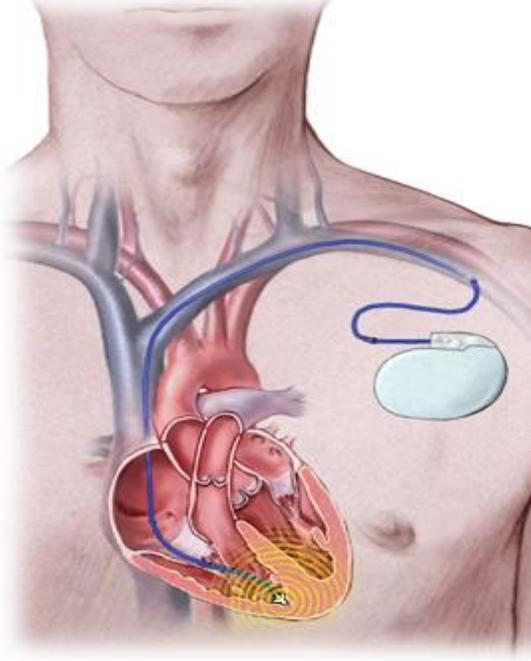


Queenstown, New Zealand
December 2017

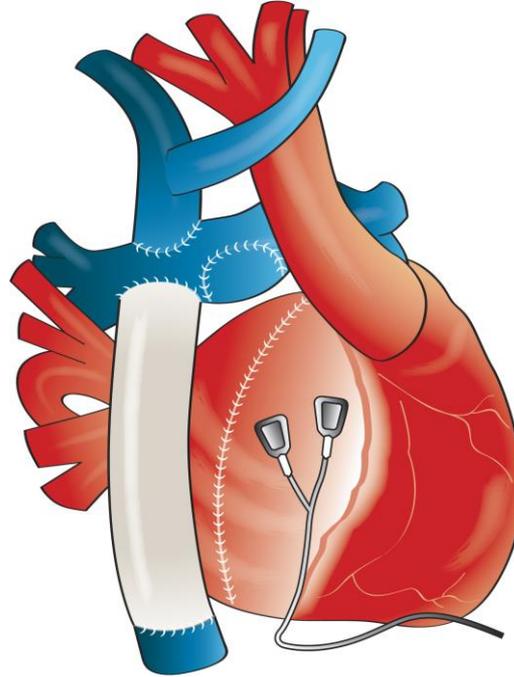


ICD SYSTEMS

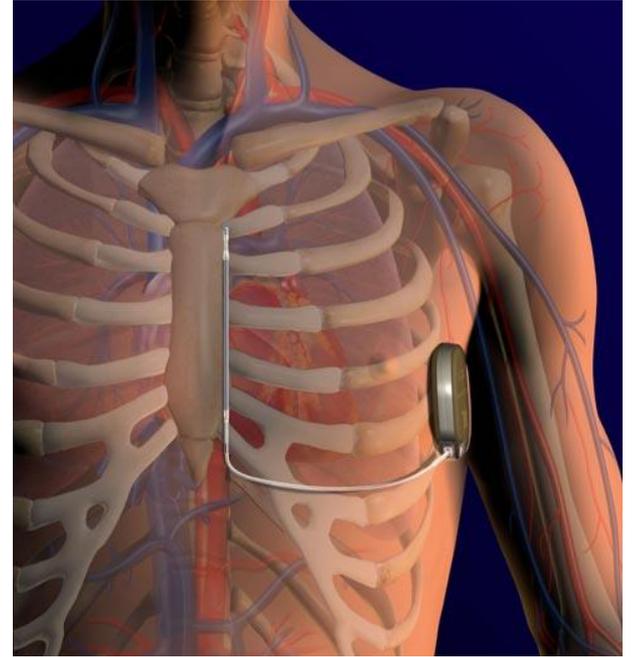
TRANSVENOUS



EPICARDIAL

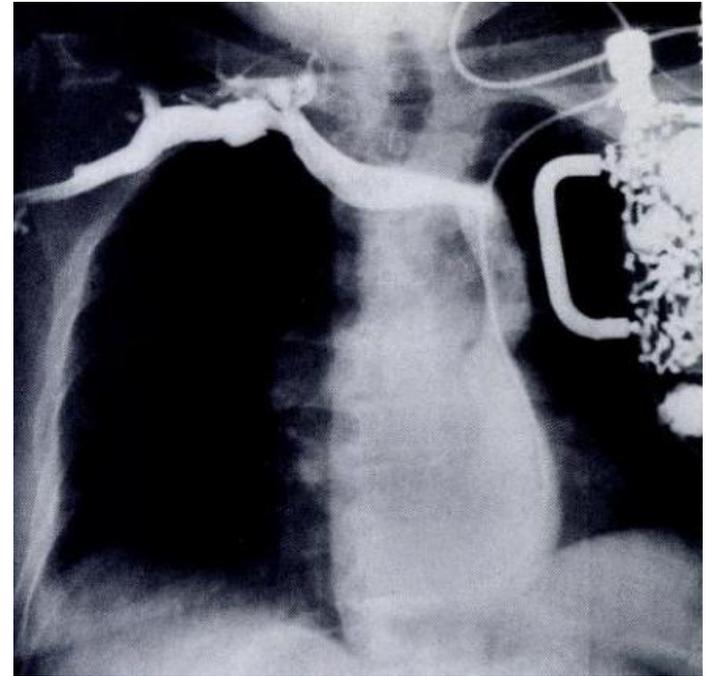


SUBCUTANEOUS

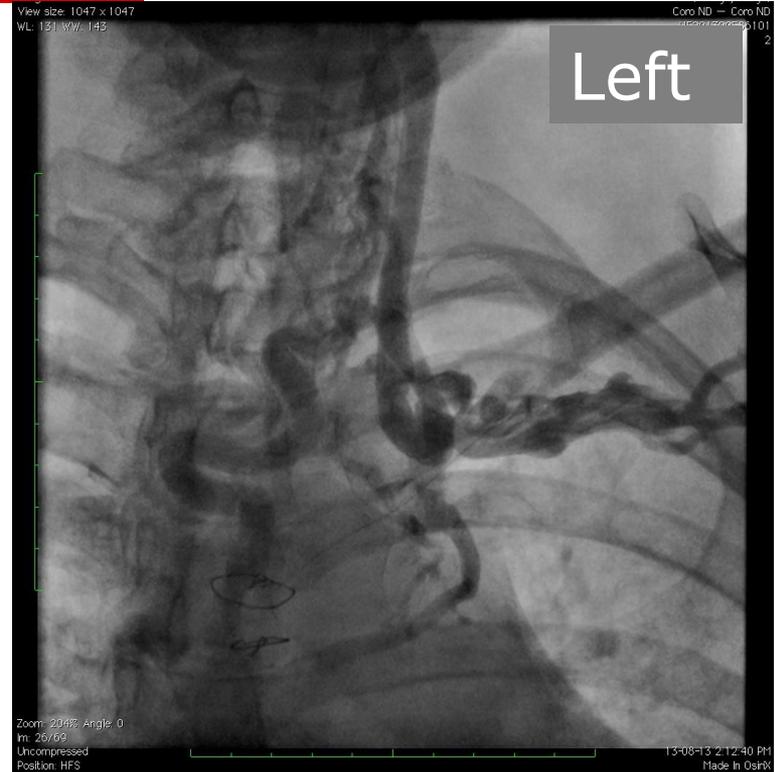
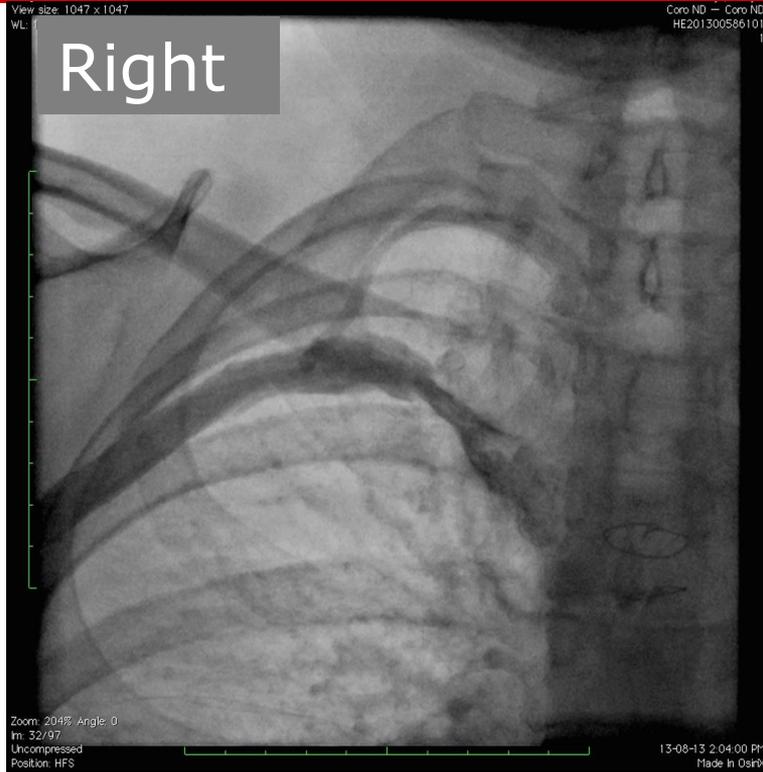


VENOUS ANOMALIES

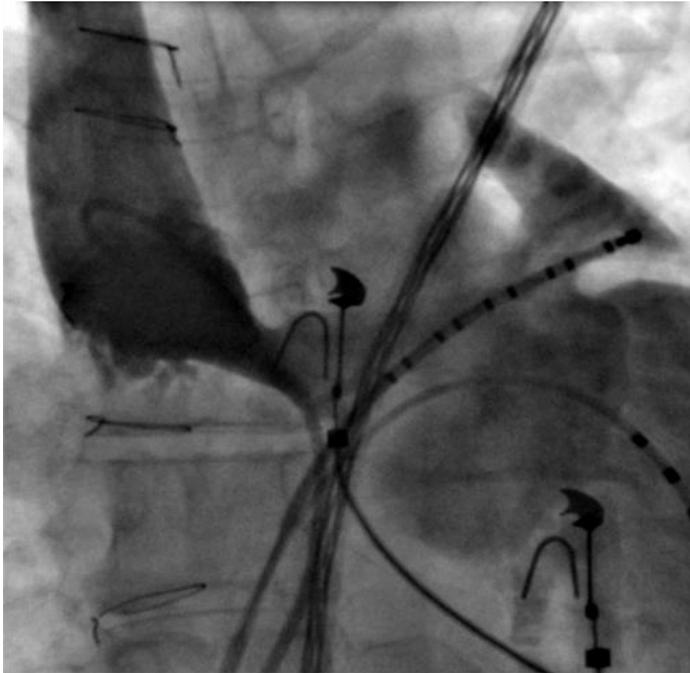
- 80 EP studies in adults with CHD
 - 13% congenital venous anomaly
 - 9% persistent L-SVC
 - 5% interrupted IVC
- Persistent L-SVC
 - General population: 2 per 1000
 - CHD: 40 per 1000
 - Heterotaxy syndromes
 - Conotruncal anomalies (e.g., TOF)
 - LVOT obstruction



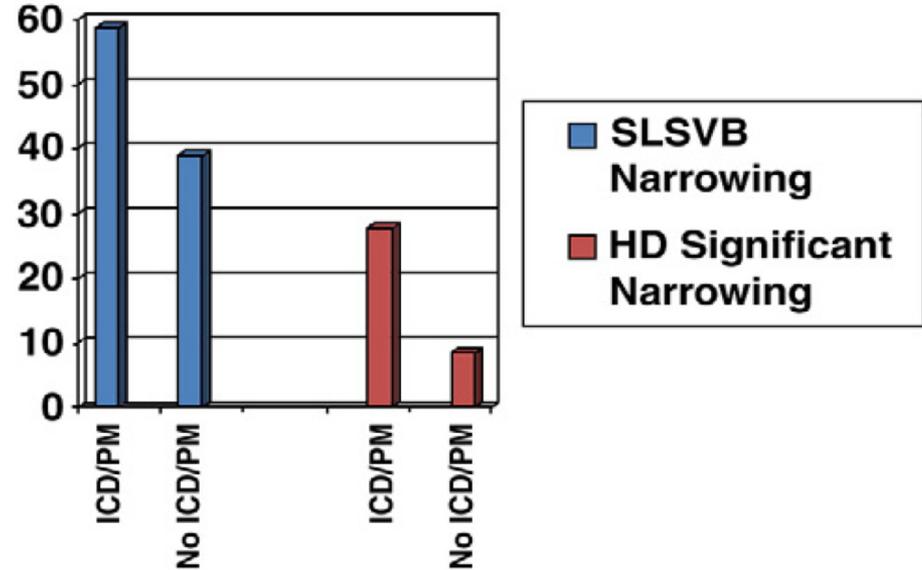
VENOUS OBSTRUCTION



BAFFLE OBSTRUCTION



Patients (%)

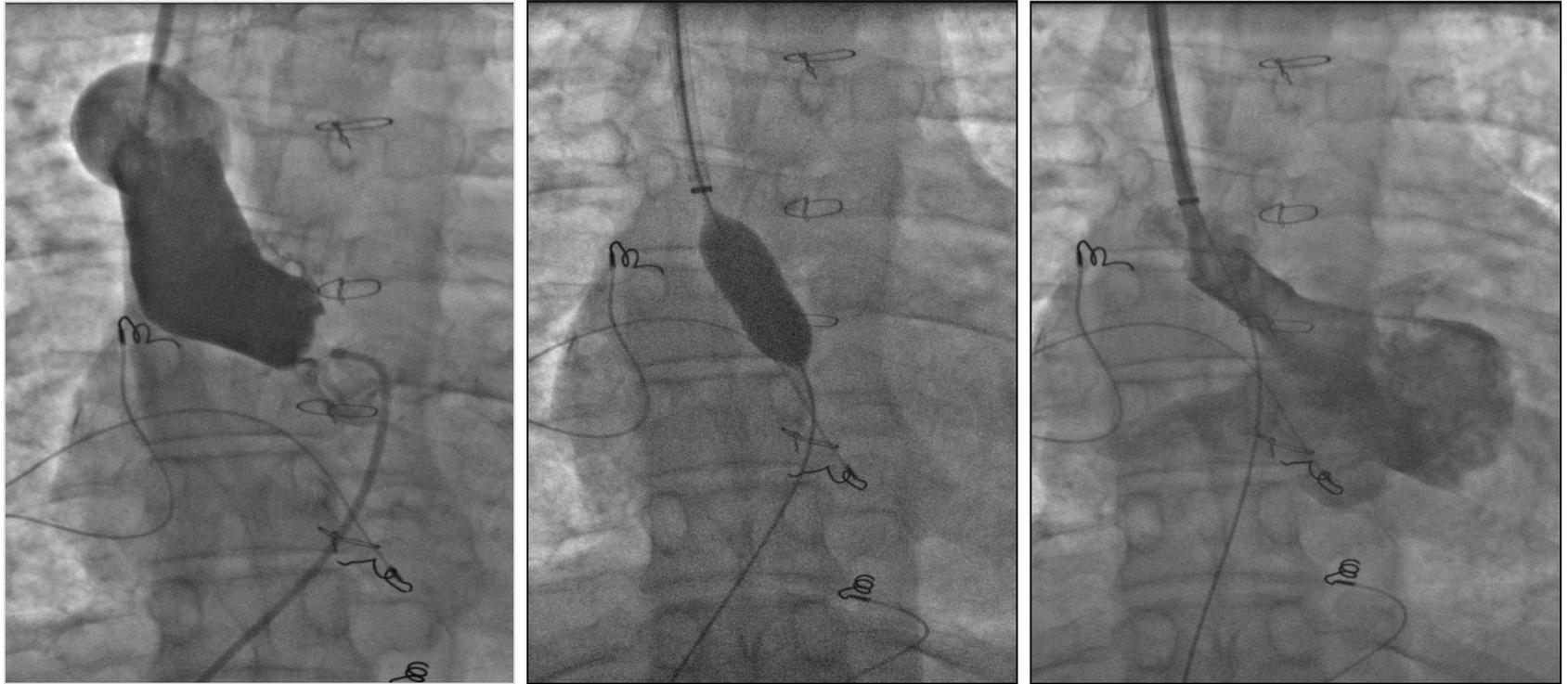


- 3.5-fold more common with Mustard vs Senning

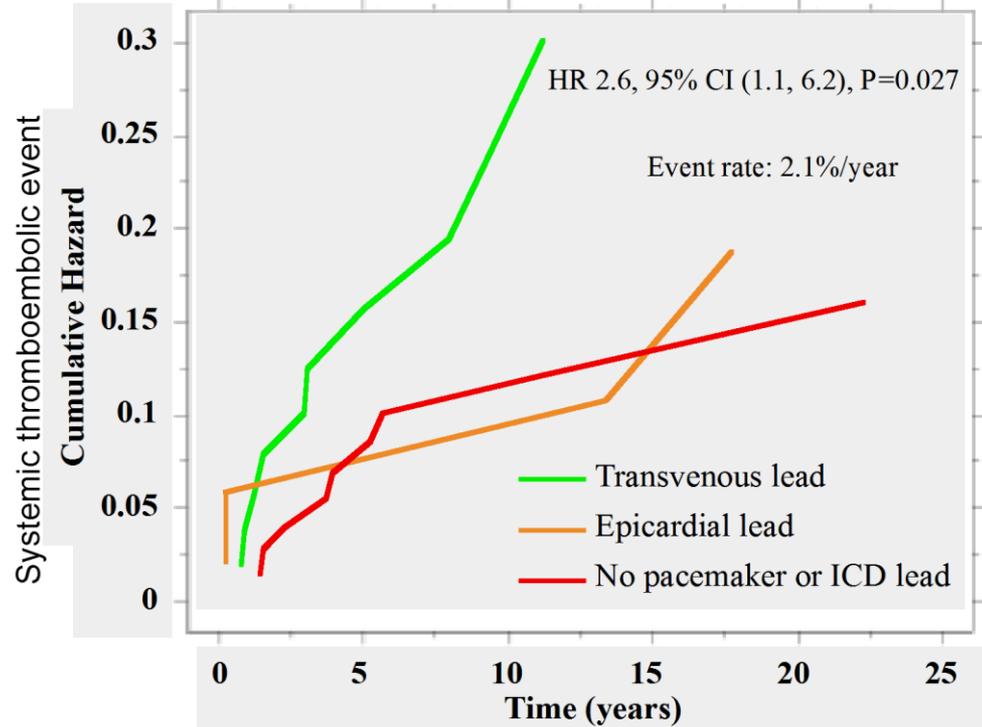
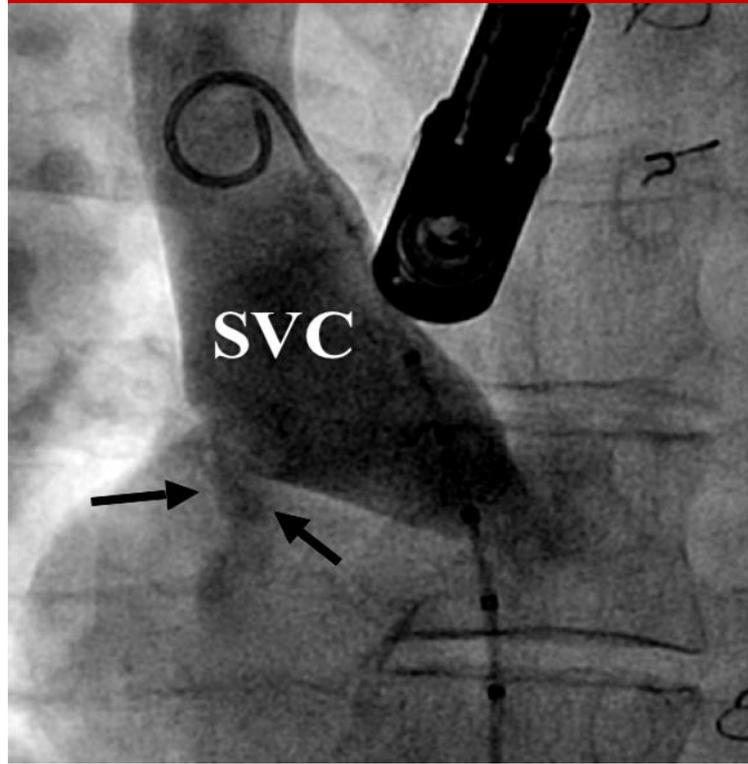


Khairy P et al. *Cardiol Young* 2004;14:284-292
Bottega N et al. *Int J Cardiol Young* 2012;154:32-7

BAFFLE RECANALIZATION



INTRACARDIAC SHUNTS



Khairy P et al. *Circulation* 2006;113(20): 2391-7

PACES/HRS CONSENSUS STATEMENT



Heart Rhythm Society



American Heart Association



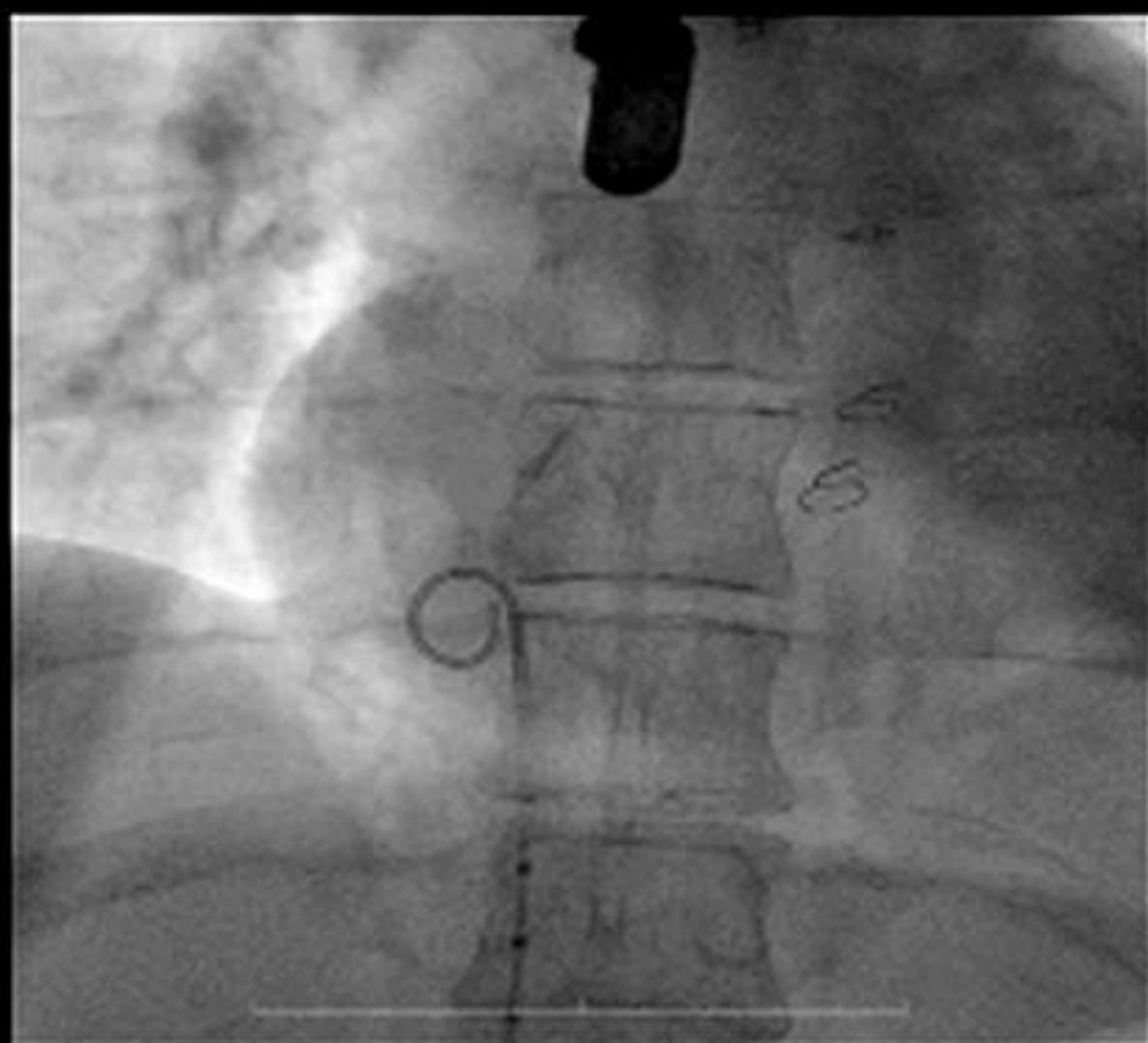
EUROPEAN Heart Rhythm ASSOCIATION

Canadian Heart Rhythm Society
Société canadienne de rythmologie



COR	LOE	Recommendation
III	B	Endocardial leads are generally avoided in adults with CHD and intracardiac shunts . Risk assessment regarding hemodynamic circumstances, concomitant anticoagulation, shunt closure prior to endocardial lead placement, or alternative approaches for lead access should be individualized.



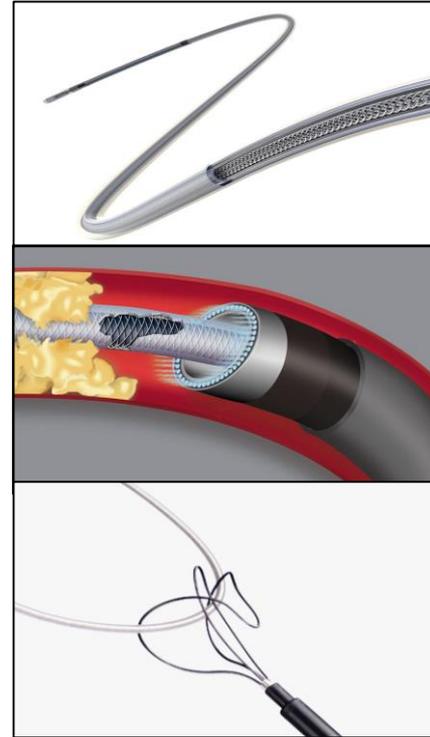


LEAD-RELATED COMPLICATIONS

Complication	%
<i>Acute (≤ 30 days)</i>	10.8
Dislodgement	8.1
Diaphragmatic stimulation	5.4
<i>Chronic (> 30 days)</i>	29.7
Dislodgement	5.4
Failure and/or fracture	16.2
Endocarditis	5.4
Under/oversensing	10.8
SVC thrombosis	5.4



LEAD EXTRACTION



Locking
stilet

Laser
sheath

Snare



LEAD EXTRACTION IN CHD

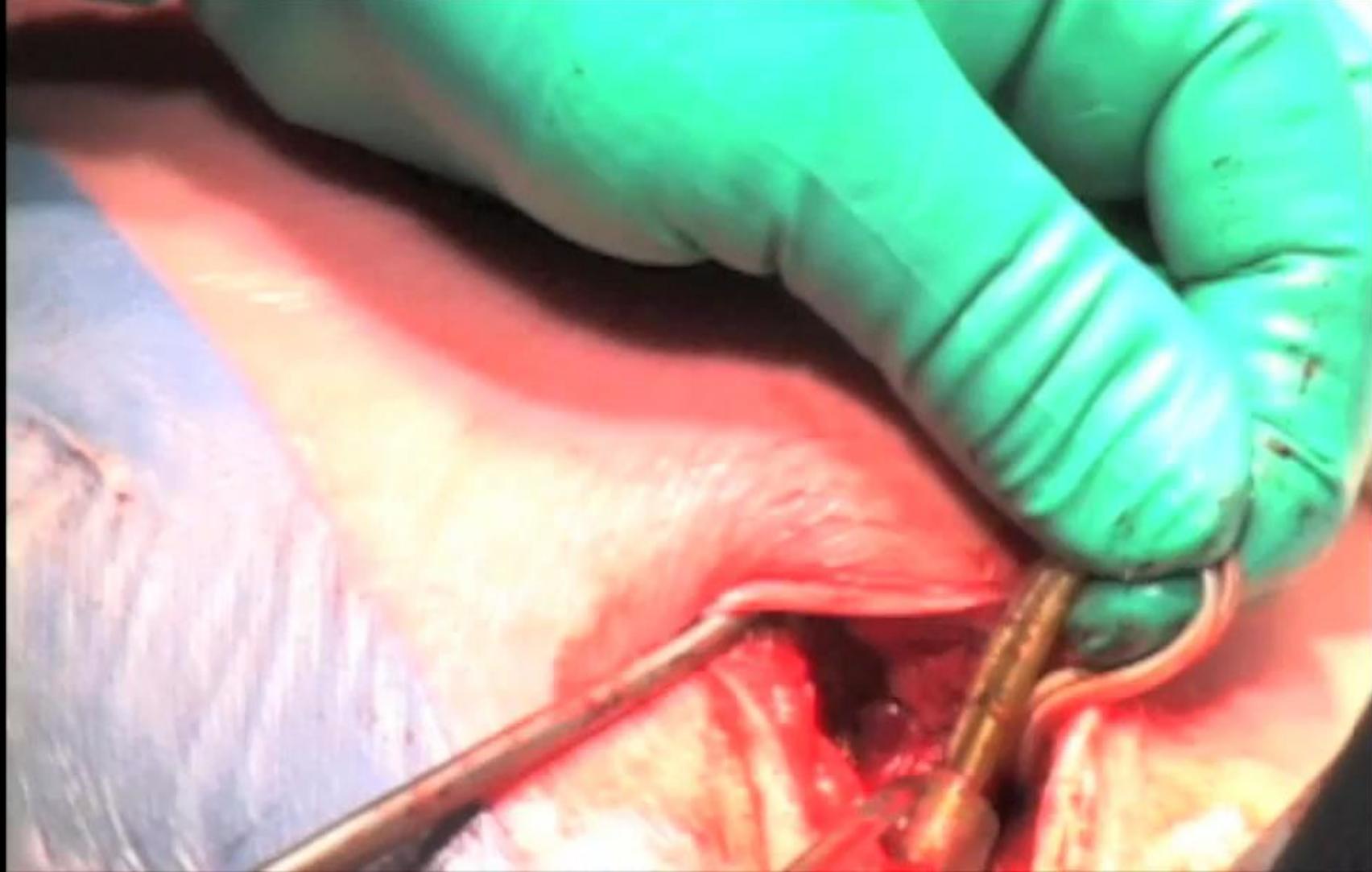
- 270 leads in 175 patients
 - Intracardiac shunting
 - Targeted leads:
 - Subpulmonary LV
 - Left atrial appendages
 - Severely dilated/dysfunctional subpulmonary RV
 - Partially obstructed baffles

Complete success	Clinical success
92%	94%

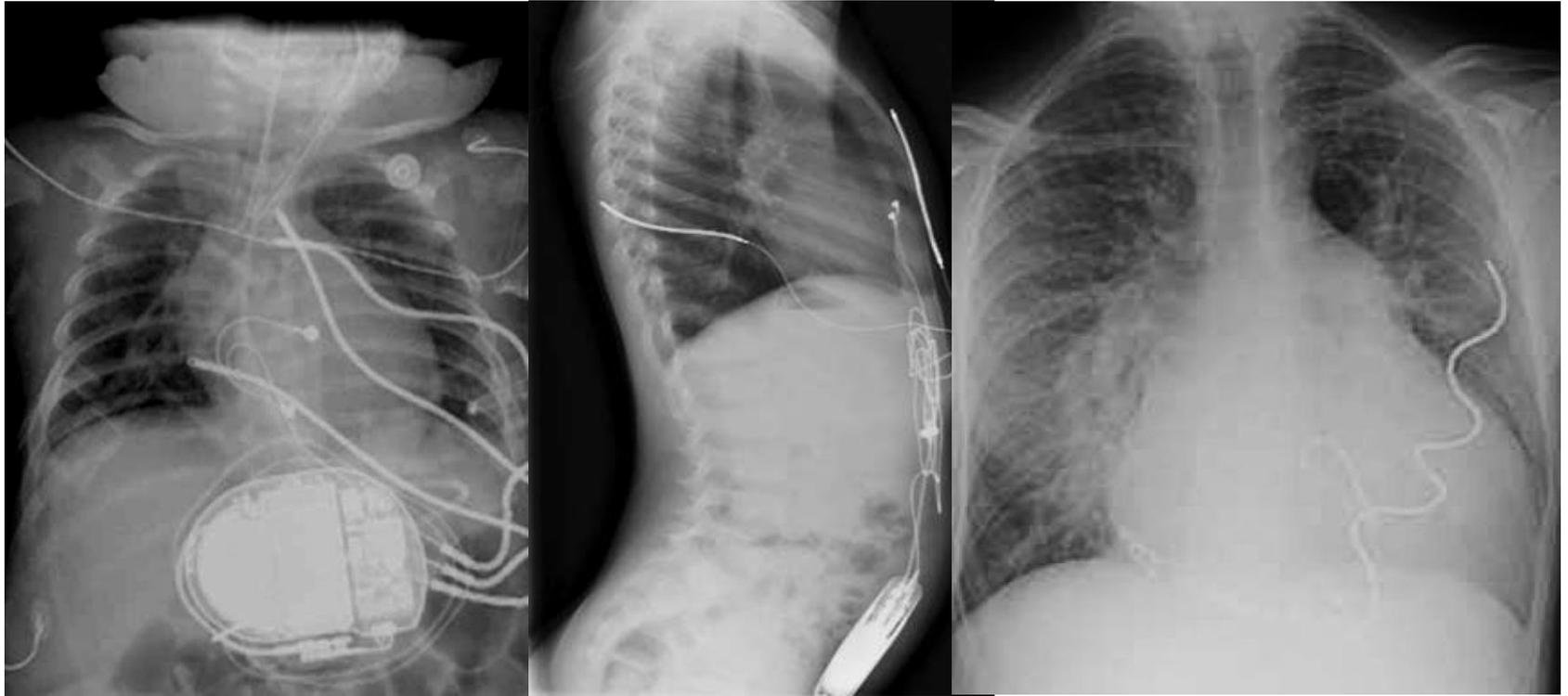


Khairy P et al. *JCE* 2007;18(5):507-511
Gourraud JB et al. *Circ Electrophysiol* 2017; In Press



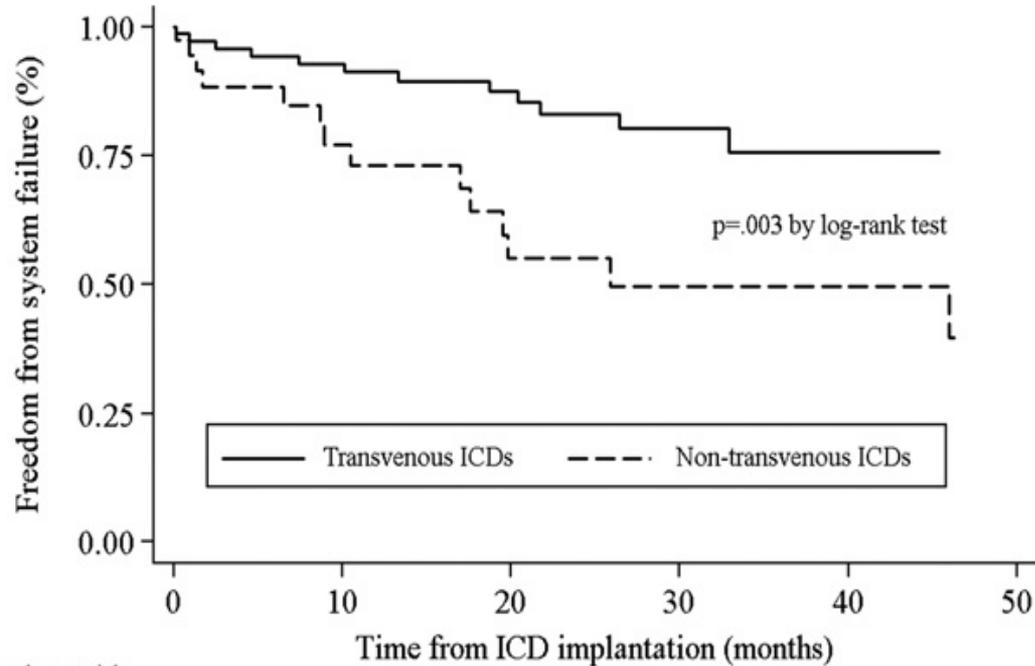


EPICARDIAL ICD CONFIGURATIONS



Stephenson EA et al. *JCE* 2006;17:41-46

ICD SYSTEM FAILURE



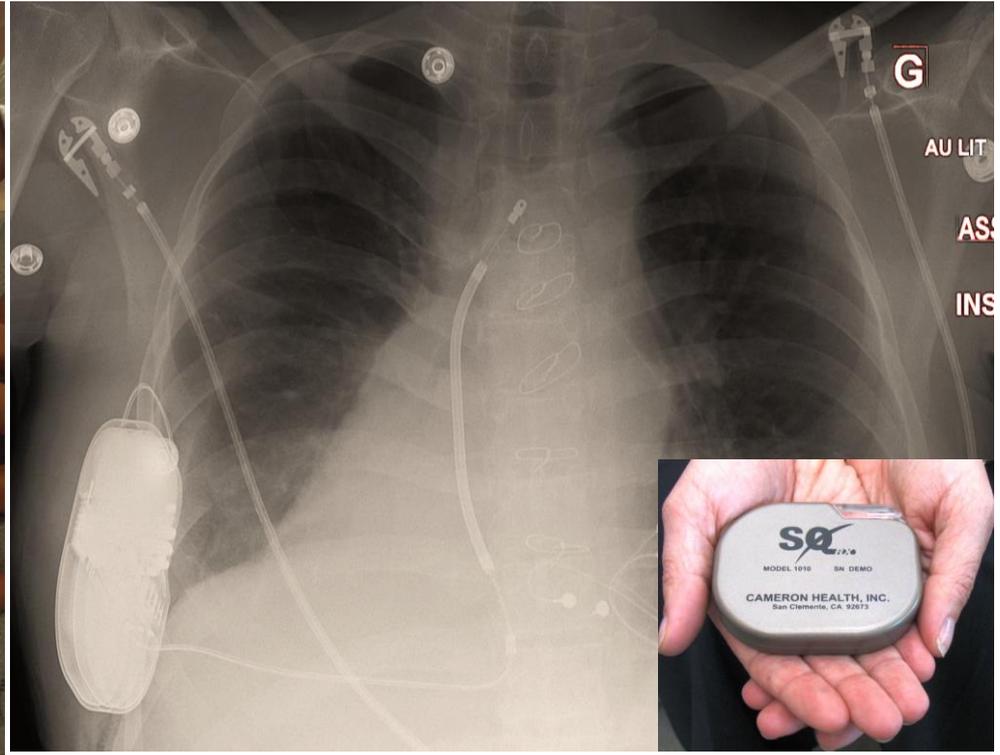
Number at risk:

	0	10	20	30	40	50
Transvenous ICDs	78	58	42	22	14	7
Non-transvenous ICDs	39	19	12	9	5	3



Radbill AE et al. *Heart Rhythm* 2010;7:193-8

S-ICD IN ACHD



Clinical Experience With the Subcutaneous Implantable Cardioverter–Defibrillator in Adults With Congenital Heart Disease

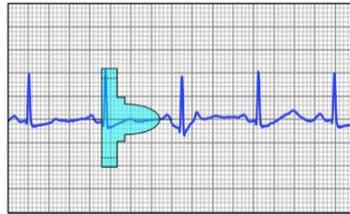
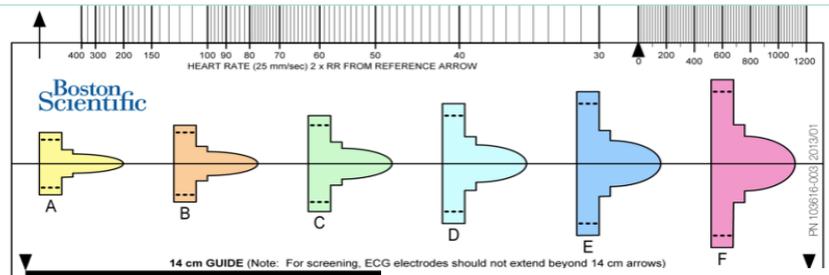
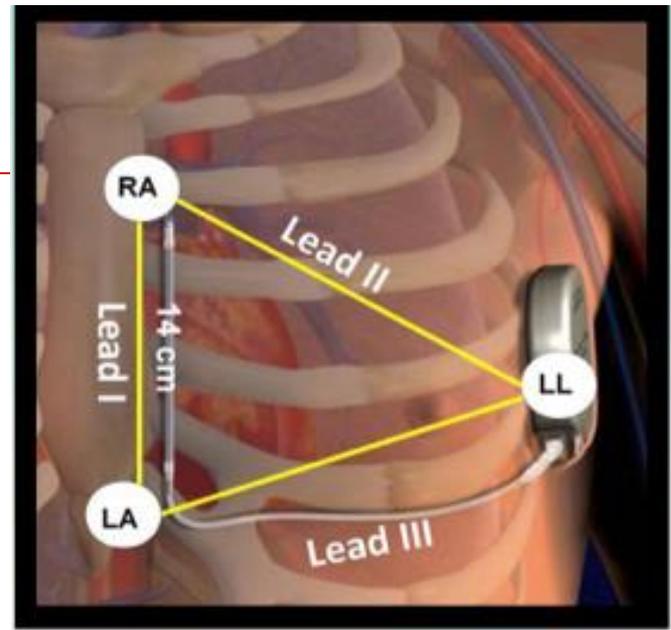
Jeremy P. Moore, MD, MS; Blandine Mondésert, MD; Michael S. Lloyd, MD; Stephen C. Cook, MD; Ali N. Zaidi, MD; Robert H. Pass, MD; Anitha S. John, MD, PhD; Frank A. Fish, MD; Kevin M. Shannon, MD; Jamil A. Aboulhosn, MD; Paul Khairy, MD, PhD; from the Alliance for Adult Research in Congenital Cardiology (AARCC)

- N=21; median age 34 years
- Most common indications:
 - Single ventricle physiology: 52%
 - Intracardiac shunt: 24%
- Pre-existing epicardial device in 29%

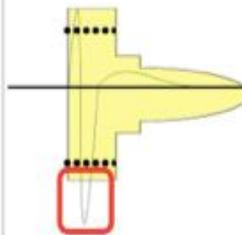


SCREENING

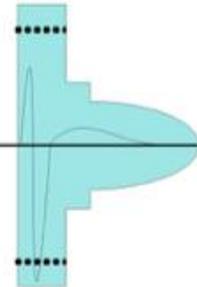
- Supine and seated, 5-10-20 mm/mV
- Left and right-sided lead
- Various device positions (high, low)



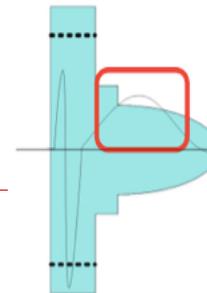
INCORRECT PROFILE



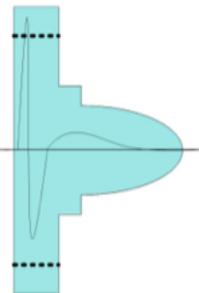
CORRECT PROFILE



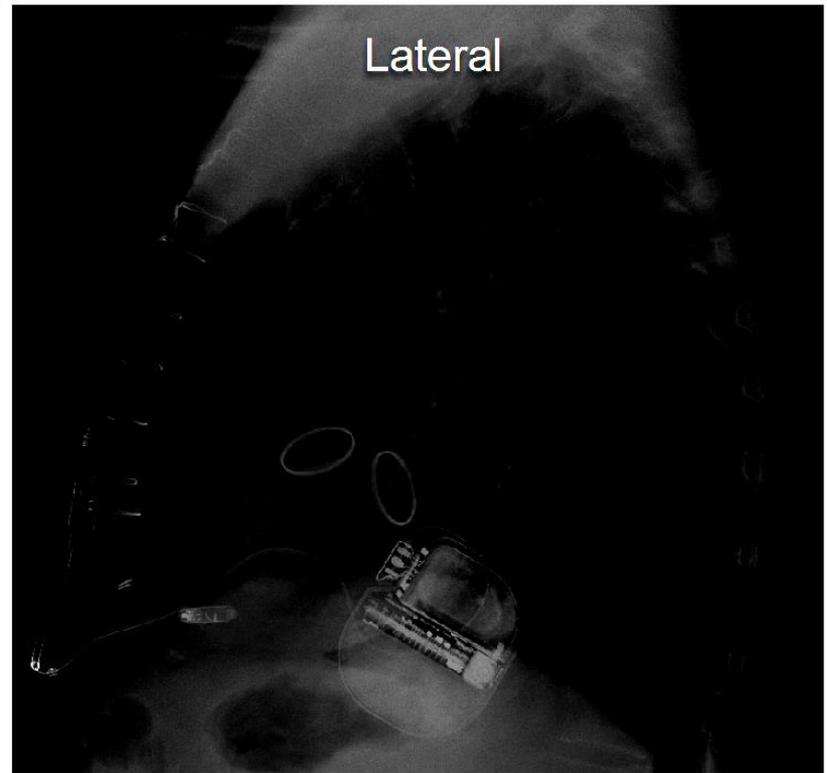
UNACCEPTABLE LEAD



ACCEPTABLE LEAD



S-ICD + LEADLESS PACEMAKER



Mondésert B et al. *Heart Rhythm* 2015;6:469-71

THE LIFEVEST



Zoll Medical Corporation, Pittsburgh, PA



AVSD, CARDIAC ARREST, INFECTED ICD



TAKE HOME POINTS

- Special considerations for ICDs in ACHD:
 - Selecting appropriate candidates (CRT and ICDs)
 - Venous anomalies
 - Obstructed veins/baffles/conduits
 - Intracardiac shunts
- Creative options:
 - Epicardial and hybrid systems
 - Subcutaneous ICD
 - Wearable cardioverter-defibrillator



THANK YOU!



International Society for
Adult Congenital Heart Disease



www.isachd.org

